

NILASAILA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY SERGARH-756060, BALASORE (ODISHA) (Approved by AICTE & affiliated to SCTE&VT, Odisha)



LESSON PLAN

SUBJECT: EEPC205 TH-3 (ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENTS)

Name Of The Faculty :- Er. Anjarus Swalehin

Branch :- Electrical Engineering Semester :- 3rd

Academic Year: 2025-26 Examination: 2025 (w)

CHAPTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PERIODS

SI.No.	Name of the chapter as per the Syllabus	No. of Periods as per the Syllabus	No. of periods actually needed
1	Fundamentals of Measurements	10	15
2	Measurement of voltage and current	9	10
3	Measurement of Electric Power	9	10
4	Measurement of Electric Energy	7	9
5	Circuit Parameter Measurement, CRO and Other Meters	10	16
	Total Period:	45	60

Sign of Faculty

Sign of H.U.D.

Name of the programme: Diploma in Electrical Engineering	Semester: 3rd	Name of the Teaching Faculty: Er. Anjarus Swalehin		
		Academic Year : 2025-26 Examination	on : 2025 (W)	
Course Code:	Course Year:	No. of Classes Alloted Per Week :	4	
EEPC205 TH-3	Second Year	Planned Classes Required to Complete the Course	60	
Week	Class Day	Topics to be Covered		
1 st	1 st	Fundamentals of Measurements Measurement: Significance, units, fundamental quantities and	1.1 standards	
	2 nd	1.2 Classification of Instrument Systems		
	3 rd	1.3 Null and deflection type instruments		
	4 th	1.3 Null and deflection type instruments		
	1 st	1.4 Absolute and secondary instruments		
2 nd	2 nd	1.4 Absolute and secondary instruments		
	3 rd	1.5 Analog and digital instruments		
	4 th	1.5 Analog and digital instruments		
	1 st	1.6 Static and dynamic characteristics, types of errors		
	2 nd	1.6 Static and dynamic characteristics, types of errors		
3 rd	3 rd	1.7 Calibration: need and procedure		
	4 th	1.8 Classification of measuring instruments: indicating, recording and integrating instruments		
	1 st	1.8 Classification of measuring instruments: indicating, recording instruments	ng and integrating	
4 th	2 nd	1.9 Essential requirements of an indicating instruments		
7	3 rd	1.9 Essential requirements of an indicating instruments		
	4 th	Measurement of voltage and current Ammeter: Basic, Multi range, Universal shunt,	2.1 DC	
5 th	1 st	2.2 DC Voltmeter: Basic, Multi-range, concept of loading effect	and sensitivity	
	2 nd	2.2 DC Voltmeter: Basic, Multi-range, concept of loading effect	and sensitivity	
	3 rd	2.3 AC voltmeter: Rectifier type (half wave and full wave)		
	4 th	2.3 AC voltmeter: Rectifier type (half wave and full wave)		

Week	Class Day	Topics to be Covered	
6 th	1 st	2.3 AC voltmeter: Rectifier type (half wave and full wave)	
	2 nd	2.3 AC voltmeter: Rectifier type (half wave and full wave)	
	3 rd	2.4 CT and PT: construction, working and applications	
	4 th	2.4 CT and PT: construction, working and applications	
7 th	1 st	2.4 CT and PT: construction, working and applications	
	2 nd	Measurement of Electric Power 3.1 Analog meters: Permanent magnet moving coil (PMMC) and Permanent magnet moving iron (PMMI) meter, their construction, working, salient features, merits and demerits	
	3 rd	3.2 Dynamometer type wattmeter: Construction and working	
	4 th	3.2 Dynamometer type wattmeter: Construction and working	
8 th	1 st	3.3 Errors and compensations of PMMI,PMMC and Dynamometer type wattmeter	
	2 nd	3.4 Active and reactive power measurement: One, two and three wattmeter method	
	3 rd	3.4 Active and reactive power measurement: One, two and three wattmeter method	
	4 th	3.4 Active and reactive power measurement: One, two and three wattmeter method	
	1 st	3.5 Effect of Power factor on wattmeter reading in two wattmeter method	
	2 nd	3.5 Effect of Power factor on wattmeter reading in two wattmeter method	
9 th	3 rd	3.6 Maximum Demand indicator(Definition only)	
	4 th	Measurement of Electric Energy 4.1 Single and three phase electronic energy meter: Constructional features and working principle	
10 th	1 st	4.1 Single and three phase electronic energy meter: Constructional features and working principle	
	2 nd	4.1 Single and three phase electronic energy meter: Constructional features and working principle	
	3 rd	4.1 Single and three phase electronic energy meter: Constructional features and working principle	
	4 th	4.2 Errors and their compensations	
11 th	1 st	4.2 Errors and their compensations	
	2 nd	4.3 Calibration of single-phase electronic energy meter using direct loading.	
	3 rd	4.3 Calibration of single-phase electronic energy meter using direct loading.	

Week	Class Day	Topics to be Covered	
11 th	4 th	4.3 Calibration of single-phase electronic energy meter using direct loading.	
12 th	1 st	Circuit Parameter Measurement, CRO and Other Meters 5.1 Measurement of resistance	
	2 nd	5.1.1 Low resistance: Kelvin's double bridge	
	3 rd	5.1.1 Low resistance: Kelvin's double bridge	
	4 th	5.1.2 Medium Resistance: Voltmeter and ammeter method	
13 th	1 st	5.1.2 Medium Resistance: Voltmeter and ammeter method	
	2 nd	5.1.3 High resistance: Megger and Ohm meter: Series and shunt	
	3 rd	5.2 Measurement of inductance using Anderson bridge (no derivation and phasor diagram)	
	4 th	5.2 Measurement of inductance using Anderson bridge (no derivation and phasor diagram)	
14 th	1 st	5.3 Measurement of capacitance using Schering bridge (no derivation and phasor diagram)	
	2 nd	5.4 Single beam/single trace CRO (Working principle and block diagram only)	
	3 rd	5.4 Single beam/single trace CRO (Working principle and block diagram only)	
	4 th	5.4 Single beam/single trace CRO (Working principle and block diagram only)	
15 th	1 st	5.5 Digital storage Oscilloscope: Basic block diagram, working, Cathode ray tube, electrostatic deflection, vertical amplifier, time base generator, horizontal amplifier, measurement of voltage/ amplitude/ time period/ frequency/ phase angle delay line, specifications	
	2 nd	5.6 Other meters: Earth tester, Digital Multimeter; L-C-R meter, Frequency meter (ferromagnetic and Weston type), Phase sequence indicator, power factor meter (single phase and three phase dynamometer type), Synchro scope, Tri-vector meter	
	3 rd	5.7 Signal generator: need, working and basic block diagram.	
	4 th	5.7 Signal generator: need, working and basic block diagram.	

Part Cons

Sign of Faculty

Sign of H.O.D.